

Background

The WFP-led Logistics Cluster was activated in Syria in January 2013, in order to facilitate access to crucial logistics services for all operations across the region, including surface transportation, contingency fuel provision and storage, cross-border transshipment services, emergency airlifts, and warehousing. In September 2014, the Whole of Syria (WoS) approach was adopted as a result of the UN Security Council Resolution (UNSC) 2165, bringing together regional separate operations (Jordan, Syria, Turkey) into a single framework.

Transport and Storage inside Syria

In August, the Logistics Cluster, in close collaboration with the Syrian Arab Red Crescent (SARC), OCHA and UN agencies coordinated three Inter-Agency Humanitarian Convoys to hard-to-reach locations in Dar'a and Rural Damascus governorates.

In August, the Logistics Cluster facilitated the transport of 1,906m<sup>3</sup> of Food, Health, Logistics, Nutrition, Protection and WASH items to Aleppo, As-Sweida, Damascus, Dar'a, Hama, Homs, Lattakia and Rural Damascus governorates on behalf of IMC, UNFPA, UNICEF, WFP and WHO. In addition, 2,384m<sup>3</sup> of humanitarian goods were received into common storage facilities in Homs, Lattakia and Rural Damascus governorates on behalf of UNFPA.

Cross-Border operations

To meet the need for support in accessing vulnerable populations and prepositioning relief supplies, the Logistics Cluster provides coordination and facilitates the transshipment of UN agencies' cargo being transported cross-border into Syria through UNSC-authorized border crossings.

The most recent cross-border movement from Jordan to Syria was conducted on 25 June, coordination and information management will continue to be provided in Amman.

Breakdown of trucks by agency

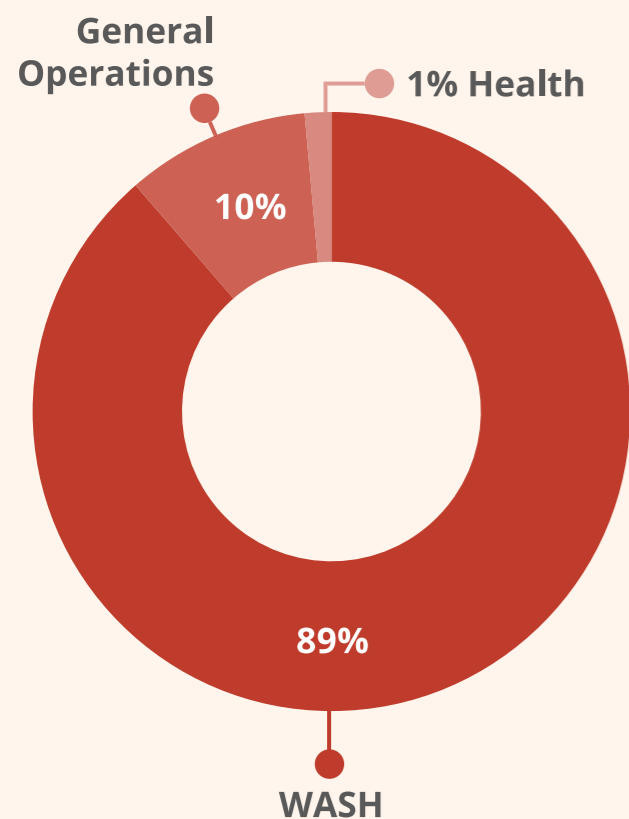
Turkey - Bab al-Hawa



Turkey - Bab al-Salam



Items received for storage by sector (m<sup>3</sup>)



Transport by sector (m<sup>3</sup>)

